

each with reverse of Pallas' label
all Maslaska or itans between
Kametchka and America - not
from Kametchka itself - and though
Pallas I believe never was there still
I have no doubt the locality is right
and the plant really Willdenow as
best in under another name very
probably different. It is a low Pentstemon
with the calyx near & flower of
P. Menziesii but the anthers glabrous
it has a woody rhizome or caudex
and is not frutescent. The leaves are
something like those of *Chelone nemorosa*
there is an empty cupula but no seed,
you must admit it in your flora.

Uroskionea Perovskia hemisphaerica
& *Leucocarpus* form a small group of
Cheloneae with lobed calyx or areolet-like
bracts, *telosma* is also lobed
but with a different habit.

I shall have I believe still two
more odd and odd of *Leopoldum*
to write to you about

ever yours
George Donkhan

25, WILTON PLACE.
S.W.

March 25 / 1872

My dear Gray

Many thanks for all the
trouble you have taken to send me
so much information by your
of the 11th just received - glad to hear
you are getting all right again - the
writer has cut up our friend very
severely we much regret Sir (I will
as we were on intimate terms with
the family and though almost blind
we had recovered a great deal from
the loss of Lady's help and his conversation
was most agreeable - we were also very
intimate with Mr (I will) sister of Lady
I will & wife of Sir Charles's brother who
died a few days before him - we are
now very anxious about Daniel Hanbury
treasurer of the Linnean Society whose

excellent work on pharmaceutical plants
was lately published and whom we all
like and esteem very much but who is
now very seriously ill.

I have just done Scrophulariaceae
and cannot arrange them quite to
my satisfaction I think I must
have first a series of Pseudorotaceae
with Scrophulariaceae, estimation
in upper lip outside and leaves
always alternate - with 3 or 4
small tribes & Heterantheria

a Gnetaceae & Lemnophyllum &
Cytosineae and a Verbaceae

then Croc. proper

Colcolariaceae

Hemimeridaceae

Antiochiaceae or

Cheloneaceae

Uranulaceae

Gratiolaceae among which Limorellaceae

form a subtribe consisting of Hydrantheae
Miconiaceae Bryodeae Eucopa Rephidium
Glossostigma Amphimithus & Limorella

then Heterantheria three tribes
1 Digitalis with subtribes Pothorpiaceae
Digitalis proper and Veroniceae

2 ~~Gratiolaceae~~ Gerardiaceae with
subtribes Orobanchaceae Hypobanchaceae
Muehlenbergiaceae and Gerardiaceae proper

3 Euphrasiaceae

I follow you in ^{Gerardiaceae} Castilleja ^{etc}
Schwalbea is interesting from its
close connection with Liphonostegia &
Lequeurensia which must go into
Liphonostegia looks so exactly like
Schwalbea americana that you must
look closely at the calyx lobes and capsule
to distinguish it

I have seen the original specimens
of *Nutobium pratense* Lamour. There
are two sheets with 2 specimens on